Testing and adjusting values		
Voltages measured at battery		
Rest potential		min. 12.2 volts
Starting voltage		min. 10 volts
Regulating voltage alternator		13.0—14.5 volts
Voltages measured at ignition coi	·	
Terminal 15	Breaker contact "closed"	3.6-4.6
Terminal 1		0.71.5
Terminal 15	Breaker contact "open"	battery voltage
Terminal 1	Dreaker contact open	battery voltage
Voltage at pre-resistor		
Pre-resistor output 0.4 ohm		min. 9.6 volts
Cable: red/black (Pre-resistor bridge-over)		min. 9.6 voits
Carburetor		
TN control window opening at + 20 °C		approx. 2.5 mm
CO value after starting cold engine		7-8 %¹)
	upper tolerance, spark plugs have a tendency for soc erance, starting faults and bypass faults may occur.	oting, engine starts misfiring.
Special tools		
Digital tester	THE TOTAL PARTY OF THE TOTAL PAR	001 589 54 21 00
Connecting cable 3 m long	1504-7112	000 589 04 90 00
Intermediate plug (adaptor)	11004-7110	000 589 72 63 00

Trigger



000 589 71 63 00

Conventional test instruments

Voltmeter, revolution counter and CO measuring instrument

Testing

- 1 Let engine cool down to below + 20 °C. Check whether choke valve (147) is completely closed and has lateral clearance. (Below + 20 °C the choke valve should be completely closed).
- 2 Remove air filter, pull cable from choke cover heater so that choke valve is not completely opening during the following voltage measurements.
- 3 Check battery for external condition (visual checkup). Check battery poles for oxidation.
- 4 Test voltages on battery.

a) Rest potential

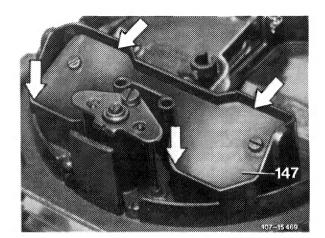
Connect voltmeter to battery plus and minus pole, read voltage.

Nominal value: min. 12.2 volts

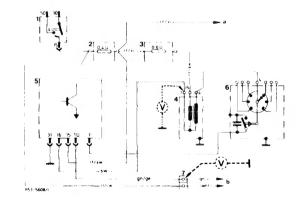
b) Starting voltage

Pull high-voltage ignition cable 4 out of distributor cover and connect to ground. Operate starting motor while reading voltage.

Nominal value: min. 10 volts



- 1 Ignition starter switch
- 2 Pre-resistor 0.4 ohm
- 3 Pre-resistor 0.6 ohm
- 4 Ignition coil
- 5 Standard switchgear 6 Ignition distributor
- 7 Diagnosis plug
- a To starter terminal 16
- b To diagnosis socket



- 5 Test voltages at ignition coil.
- a) With breaker contact **closed** at terminal 15 and terminal 1:

Nominal values: Terminal 15, 3.6-4.6 volts
Terminal 1, 0.7-1.5 volts

b) With breaker contact **opened** at terminal 15 and terminal 1:

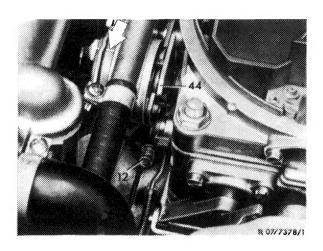
Nominal values: Terminal 15 and terminal 1 should be energized by battery voltage.

6 Measure voltage at pre-resistor 0.4 ohm while starting (pre-resistor bridge-over).

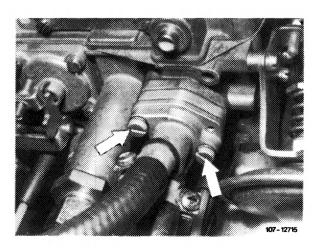
Nominal value: min. 9.6 volts

7 Insert high-voltage ignition cable 4 again into distributor cover.

8 Check choke cover preload. Markings (arrow) should be opposite each other.



9 Remove TN choke after loosening fastening screws (arrow) together with coolant hoses.



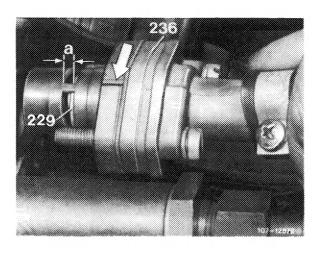
10 Measure control window opening "a" exposed by control piston with slide gauge.

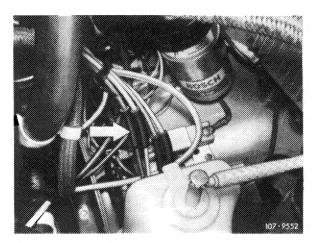
Nominal values: At + 20 °C approx. 2.5 mm.
At approx. 0 °C control window should be completely open.

- 11 Install TN choke and air filter.
- 12 Check warming-up total mixture without air injection and EGR, adjust. For this purpose, connect CO measuring instrument and make air injection inoperative as described below (for (USA) 1973/74 nothing need be made inoperative):



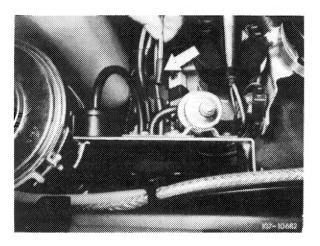
Pull off blue/purple vacuum line at connecting point (arrow).





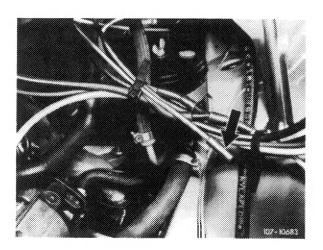
(s) 1976, model 114

Pull rubber cap (arrow) from blue/purple vacuum line.



(s) 1976, model 116

Pull rubber cap (arrow) from blue/purple vacuum line.

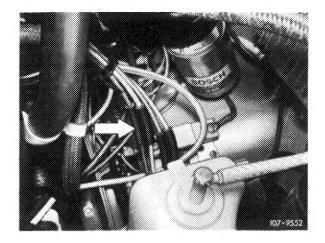


(USA) California 1974

Pull off red vacuum line at connecting point (arrow).

USA 1975/76

Pull off blue/purple vacuum line at connecting point (arrow).

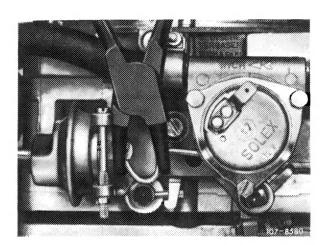


Start engine and rapidly depress accelerator upon firing.

Engage driving position for automatic transmission, permit CO value to come to rest and read. (If deviations from tolerance value are high, stop engine immediately, change choke valve gap accordingly and repeat CO test).

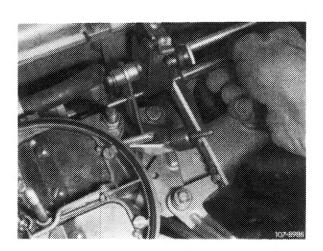
Nominal value: 7-8 % CO







Pushing apart = richer



Screwing out = leaner Screwing in = richer

Again plug-on vacuum hoses for air injection and EGR (air injection with EGR operative).

- 13 Again plug-on cable for choke cover heater.
- 14 Test regulating voltage of alternator.

Note: Prior to testing regulating voltage, check acid density of battery. If acid density (state of charge) of battery is lower than 1.24 kg/dm³ in tropical countries, a defective transistor regulator (full regulation) is no longer recognized.

Checkup

Engine speed: 3000/min

Battery load: Compulsory consumer only (ignition)
Regulating voltage measured after approx. two minu-

tes: 13.0-14.5 volts.